# Problem 2 – Grains of Sand

*You have become an apprentice! Congratulations or maybe…… regrets. Since you are working for the almighty Anthropomorphic personification – Death he is known for his work of taking care for all the* ***world’s sand watches****, he seems to deal with this job pretty well, but you as a programmer want to help him, and make his job easier.*

You are given **all the grains** of each sand watch in **a sequence on a single line, separated by spaces**. After that, you will receive **commands** that modify the grains in a different way:

**"Add {value}"** - you have to add **{value}** to the end of the sequence.

**"Remove {value}"** - you have to remove the first element in the sequence with value equal to **{value}**. If there is no such element you have to **check if {value} is a valid index** and **remove the element at that index**. Else you should ignore that command.

**"Replace {value} {replacement}"**you have to find **the first occurrence of the element** equal to **{value}** and replace its value with the **{replacement}.** If element equal to **{value}** doesn’t exists in the sequence you have to ignore this command.

**"Increase{value}"** you have to find the first element with **value not less than {value}**and **increase the value of all elements** in the sequence with its value. **If no such element exists in the sequence, you have to take the last element from the sequence**and then **increase the value of all elements** in the sequence with its value.

**"Collapse {value}"**you have to **remove from the sequence every element with value less** than **{value}**, if there are such elements.

When you receive command **"Mort"**you have to **print the modified sequence** and end the program.

## Input / Constraints

* On the first line – count of sands in each watch separated by spaces– integers in range

**[-2,147,483,648……2,147,483,647]**

* On the next lines you will receive commands untill **"Mort"**command is received.
* The commands will always be valid.

## Output

* Print a single line the array of grains separated by spaces, with the modified values.
* Allowed working **time** / **memory**: **100ms** / **16MB**

## Examples

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** | **Comment** |
| 1 4 5 19 13 42 69 24  Add 1  Remove 3  Remove 4  Remove 15  Replace 0 26  Replace 1 26  Mort | 26 5 13 42 69 24 1 | The sequence –[1 4 5 19 13 42 69 24]  We start with "Add 1" so we add 1 to the end of the sequence –>[1 4 5 19 13 42 69 24 1]. The next command is "Remove 3"–>[1 4 5 13 42 69 24 1]. The next command is "Remove 4"–>[1 5 13 42 69 24 1]. The next command is "Remove 15"–>[1 5 13 42 69 24 1].The next command is "Replace 0 26", neither a valid index, or such element present, so we skip this command–>[1 5 13 42 69 24 1]. The next command is "Replace 1 26"–[26 5 13 42 69 24 1]. We read "Mort" and print the sequence. |
| 1 2 -1 0 -3 9 8 7 2  Increase 10  Increase 90  Collapse 8  Mort | 8 15 14 13 8 | The sequence – [1 2 -1 0 -3 9 8 7 2]  The first command is "Increase 10" so we increase the sequence by 2, the last element –>[3 4 1 2 -1 11 10 9 4]. The next one is "Increase 90" so we increase the sequence with 4, the last element –>[7 8 5 6 3 15 14 13 8]. The next one is "Collapse 8" – so we remove all the elements less than 8 – [8 15 14 13 8]. The last one is "Mort" so we print the sequence. |

*“I am the defeater of empires, the thief of years, the ultimate reality. And my horse is called Binky, it’s a nice name.”*